CASTROVILLE COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT

Auditors' Reports
Financial Statements
And
Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014



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June 30, 2014

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ORGANIZATION

June 30, 2014

GOVERNING BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Name</u> <u>Office</u>

David Lewis President

Ron Stefani Vice-President

Adriana Melgoza Director

Silvestre Montejano Director

Betty MacMillan Director

ADMINISTRATION

Eric Tynan General Manager

Lidia Santos Board Secretary/Office Manager



11499 Geil Street CASTROVILLE, CA 95012

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Castroville Community Services District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Castroville Community Services District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The Castroville Community Services District's financial management is responsible for preparing the Management's Discussion and Analysis section.

The Castroville Community Services District was formerly the Castroville Water District, a special district formed in 1952 under the County Water District Act for the purpose of installing, operating, and distributing a water supply for the community of Castroville. In May of 2006 the District assumed the assets and liabilities for the sewer and storm drain from CSA 14. In February of 2008 the Castroville Water District and CSA 14 were merged to create the Castroville Community Services District that resulted in acquiring additional services such as street lighting, recreational funding, open space, and street maintenance.

At this time, Monterey County and the community of Castroville are following the Castroville Community Plan, a plan that guides development in Castroville for the next twenty years. This plan would more than double the size of Castroville, adding an additional 1,655 residential units, 40 new light industrial facilities, 50,000 square feet of commercial development, and a new light rail commuter train station.

In summary, the District with all the new services acts much like a small city government, which was in response to the community wanting more local control and accountability. With this merger, the District has doubled its area, and quadrupled its reserves, allowing for no increases in water or sewage fees.

ENTERPRISE-WATER OPERATIONS

Presently, the District serves more than 7,250 customers through 2,124 water connections in the community of Castroville, which is located in the Salinas Valley in northern Monterey County. The District provides approximately 820 acre-feet of water annually to government, commercial, and residential customers. The District operates three domestic water production wells and the estimated capacity of all three wells is just over 4.4 million gallons per day. The water system encompasses approximately 13 miles of pipeline and includes two water storage tanks with a capacity of 1.1 million gallons. Monitoring wells are strategically placed along the coast to monitor water quality and groundwater levels in the aquifers that make up our water supply. All wells are sampled for over 180 constituents including but not limited to: chlorides, nitrates, total dissolved solids, static water level, and sodium. At this time, the District receives 100 percent of its water from the 400-foot aquifer but has drilled a new well at Well Site #2 that will get its supply from the 900-foot or "deep" aquifer. Unfortunately, this well has arsenic at 23 ppb, and the limit is 10 ppb per the State Water Resource Control Board. A filtration unit will need to be installed to meet the lower standard. The District anticipates arsenic treatment to cost approximately \$800,000 or alternatively we may blend with the existing well at this site to bring the blended water below the 10 ppb level. The District has been awarded a grant for \$581,000 from the California Department of Water Resources from Prop 84 measure to facilitate treatment of this source.

Historically, the District has been wary of salt-water intrusion of its source aquifers. There has been little or no movement in the Castroville area of the salt-water contour since 1997. We believe this is due at least in part to the Castroville Seawater Intrusion Project (CSIP). Well #3 is starting to show signs of seawater intrusion and has been modified to seal off the upper perforations that allowed chlorides to exceed the 500 mg/l limit. The well now has chlorides at 363 mg/l which is below the secondary standard of 500 mg/L. Unfortunately, the current drought has drawn down our well which exacerbates salt water intrusion. Additionally, the District is keeping an eye on the Salinas River Diversion Facility, which started up last year and it is expected that up to 21 supplemental wells will be retired around Castroville due to this project. The results could be twofold: reduced pumping could help restore the aquifer and some of the supplemental agriculture wells may be available for urban usage in the future. Due to the drought, the Salinas River Diversion Facility has not been able to produce water and the results are that the supplemental wells have continued to draw down the aquifer that Castroville depends on. It is probable that the District will lose Well #3 to salt water intrusion in the coming year.

ENTERPRISE-SEWER OPERATIONS

The District assumed the responsibilities and assets for sewer and storm drain activities on May 1, 2006 from County Service Area 14 (CSA 14). The sewer system incorporates 18 miles of main lines and five lift stations, two located in Castroville (Zone 1) and the other two located in Zone 2. Along with these systems the District acquired a jetter truck, utility truck with a crane, and cash reserves of approximately \$5,060,460. The District has a large reserve fund balance as a result of the sale of a wastewater treatment facility a number of years ago by Castroville Sanitation District to the Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency (MRWPCA); this fund itself generates additional income in the form of interest on principal. The proceeds and interest earned from the sale of the wastewater treatment facility are used to maintain, operate, repair, and construct sewer facilities in Zone1 necessary to connect to the MRWPCA treatment facilities. For this reason, no sewer user fees are assessed for Castroville (Zone 1) at this time. Also, a new lift station was installed in the new Sea Garden apartments and came on-line in September 2013.

Since 2011, the District has contracted with the County to provide operation and emergency response services to the Moss Landing County Sanitation District at a cost of \$7,000 a month. The District is currently working with LAFCO and Monterey County to consolidate the Moss Landing County Sanitation District with the Castroville Community Servcies District system. We anticipate completing the consolidation by July 1, 2014.

Moro Cojo (Zone 2) is assessed user fees for sewer. Monte Del Lago Mobile Home Park and North Monterey County High School are also assessed user fees for sewer.

Furthermore, areas with broken or damaged sewer mains were repaired or replaced in past years have resulted in a much more efficient and less costly operation and maintenance program. In addition, a SCADA system control was installed that greatly increased the District's ability to monitor and respond to lift station concerns. Finally, the force mains were all "pigged" in 2008 to clear them of debris. The lift pumps were also repaired or replaced at all the lift stations.

ENTERPRISE-STORM DRAIN OPERATIONS

Storm Drain user fees are assessed for both Castroville (Zone1) and Moro Cojo (Zone 2). The storm drain system includes approximately 16 miles of main lines, four Vortec units, and one hundred seventy-eight catch basins. All basins were labeled with "Don't Dump, Flows to Bay." Currently, the District cleans the storm drain basins as needed as well as contracting with a private company for street sweeping every quarter to help keep debris from plugging the storm drain system. In September of 2013, the Union Storm Drain Project was completed in coordination with Monterey County Public Works. The District installed the basins and pipe and Monterey County Public Works put in the street, curb and gutter.

GOVERNMENTAL-STREET LIGHTS

Street light user fees are assessed for both Castroville (Zone 1) and Moro Cojo (Zone 2). The District is responsible for the electrical cost of these street lights to PG&E. Street lights are not metered and instead charged a flat rate fee, therefore, it is important that the District notify PG&E when a street light needs to be repaired. This fiscal year, 46 street lights have been repaired by PG&E. The District has also replaced the lights, ballasts, and hardware on the crossover walkway in Zone 1. Furthermore, the ballasts and lights on the Castroville overhead sign were repaired and are now lit properly and a bulb-out was installed at the Castroville overhead sign to protect it from truck damage which is also located in Zone 1. Finally, in October 2013 the funds for installing crosswalks along Merritt Street were rescinded when the County failed to extend the contract. This was due to Caltrans taking more than 18 months to review or approve any modifications to the Merritt street traffic flows.

GOVERNMENTAL-OPEN SPACE

Only Moro Cojo (Zone 2) is assessed user fees for open space. The District is only responsible for open space maintenance on approximately 3 acres fronting the Moro Cojo subdivision (Zone 2). This maintenance is performed twice a year and contracted out to either a qualified contractor or North County Recreation and Park District.

GOVERNMENTAL-STREET MAINTENANCE

Only Moro Cojo (Zone 2) is assessed user fees for street maintenance. All streets were resurfaced and stop lines and limit lines stenciled for the streets in Moro Cojo during fiscal year 2013-14. For fiscal year 2013-14, damaged street signs were replaced and graffiti was painted over.

GOVERNMENTAL-RECREATIONAL SERVICES

Recreational Services are extended services authorized to be provided by the District and the District can either provide services to its residents directly or may contract with another public agency to provide such services. Recreational funding is routed through the North County Recreation and Park District (NCRPD). Funds for NCRPD were paid by CSA 14 before it had dissolved. Recreational funding is provided by ad valorem property tax revenues collected for Castroville (Zone 1). For fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, \$138,612 was provided to NCRPD for recreational funding of which \$31,500 was to purchase and install new park equipment at Cato Philips Park. For clarification, revenues from ad valorem property taxes may be used for any purpose the District is authorized to perform.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

This fiscal year the District completed the following capital improvement projects:

- Installed a motor at Well Site #3
- Installed and upgraded storm drains and inlets at Union Street and Duran alley
- Acquired the Sea Garden Lift Station
- Installed hardwood flooring in the district office

Overview of the Financial Statements This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Castroville Community Services District's basic financial statements. The Castroville Community Services District's basic financial statements comprise four components:

- 1) government-wide financial statements,
- 2) governmental fund financial statements
- 3) proprietary fund financial statements, and
- 4) notes to the financial statements.

The financial statements presented here include all the activities of the Castroville Community Services District. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 requires that the financial report present the District together with any component units that it has. The District has no component units as described in the GASB Statement.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. In addition, there are several different types of financial statements within the first three groups identified above.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Castroville Community Services District finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. This government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report. This statement presents a measure of all assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, gains, and losses using the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Castroville Community Services District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Castroville Community Services District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the entity's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows (inflows and outflows of cash) in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The activities of the Castroville Community Services District are conducted by the District; governed by its own five-person board of directors who are responsible for policy decisions, which govern the operations of the District.

Governmental fund financial statements

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Castroville Community Services District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Castroville Community Services District uses enterprise fund types of proprietary funds for its business type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds types for its governmental type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds to account for its street light, open space, and street maintenance operations. Ad valorem property taxes are used for recreational services. In addition, as mentioned earlier, revenue from ad valorem property taxes may be used for any purpose the Castroville Community Services District is authorized to perform.

Governmental funds are used to report the same functions presented as governmental-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Castroville Community Services District uses governmental funds to account for its general government and recreation activities. Governmental funds financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The governmental fund financial statements provide separate information for the general government and recreation activities of the Castroville Community Services District.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Proprietary fund financial statements

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities. The Castroville Community Services District uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and storm drain operations.

The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and storm drain operations, which are considered to be the major funds of the Castroville Community Services District. Proprietary funds financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes provide a narrative description of certain items contained in the financial statements to enhance the understanding of those items. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-30 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Castroville Community Services District's progress in funding its obligations. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 31-34 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis - Overall Financial Position

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the Castroville Community Services District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,970,932 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Castroville Community Services District's net assets \$9,098,266 (61 percent) reflects unrestricted net assets, which may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. An additional portion of the Castroville Community

Services District's net assets \$5,065,392 (34 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Castroville Community Services District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens of Castroville. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Castroville Community Services District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it is not a spendable resource. The resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net assets of \$807,274 (5 percent), are restricted for special revenue projects and for the Monterey County Assessment Bond.

Castroville Community Services District Table 1 Net Assets

Governmental-Type	Governmental – Type Activities Enterprise - Type			
2014	2013	2014	2013	
\$ 737,623	\$ 791,017	\$ 9,377,026	\$ 8,546,438	
_	_	5,210,392	5,176,019	
\$ 737,623	\$ 791,017	\$ 14,587,418	\$13,722,457	
		\$		
\$ 6,634	\$ 6,548	\$ 202,475	\$ 220,153	
-		145,000	443,718	
\$ 6,634	\$ 6,548	\$ 347,475	\$663,871	
-	-	\$ 5,065,392	\$ 4,732,301	
\$ 730,989	\$ 784,469	76,285	-	
_	-	\$ 9,098,266	\$ 8,326,285	
\$ 730,989	\$ 784,469	\$ 14,239,943	\$13,058,586	
\$ 737,623	\$ 791,017	\$ 14,587,418	\$13,722,457	
	\$ 737,623 \$ 737,623 \$ 6,634 \$ 6,634 - \$ 730,989 - \$ 730,989	2014 2013 \$ 737,623 \$ 791,017 - - \$ 737,623 \$ 791,017 \$ 6,634 \$ 6,548 - - \$ 730,989 \$ 784,469 - - \$ 730,989 \$ 784,469 - - \$ 730,989 \$ 784,469	2014 2013 2014 \$ 737,623 \$ 791,017 \$ 9,377,026 - - - 5,210,392 \$ 737,623 \$ 791,017 \$ 14,587,418 \$ 6,634 \$ 6,548 \$ 202,475 - - 145,000 \$ 6,634 \$ 6,548 \$ 347,475 - - \$ 5,065,392 \$ 730,989 \$ 784,469 76,285 - - \$ 9,098,266 \$ 730,989 \$ 784,469 \$ 14,239,943	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Castroville Community Services District is able to report positive balances in its net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Castroville Community Services District Table 2 Changes in Net assets

	Governmental-Typ	e Activities	Enterprise-Type Act	ivities
Description	2014	2013	2014	2013
Program revenues:				
Fines, fees and charges for services	\$ 66,626	\$ 67,194	\$ 1,013,480	\$ 979,064
Operating grants	\$ 6,924	\$ 56,016	* = 1	-
Other general revenues		-	\$ 1,679,559	\$835,069
Total Revenues	\$ 73,550	\$ 123,210	\$ 2,693,039	\$ 1,814,133
Expenses	(272,383)	(202,605)	(1,366,329)	(1,253,718)
Transfers in (out)	\$ 145,353	\$ 117,001	(145,353)	(117,001)
Change in net assets	(\$ 53,480)	\$ 37,606	\$ 1,181,357	\$ 443,414
Net Assets, beginning, as restated	\$ 784,469	\$ 746,863	\$13,058,586	\$12,615,172
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 730,989	\$ 784,469	\$14,239,943	\$13,058,586

The District's Governmental-type activities net assets decreased in 2014 compared to 2013. The primary reason is that funds were used for the Moro Cojo Slurry Seal project which cost \$86,955. The Business-type activities reflects an increase in net assets in 2014 compared to 2013. The primary reason for this difference is that in 2014 higher than anticipated general revenue were received due to the dissolution of redevelopment agencies. In addition, there was also the contribution of a sewer lift station valued at \$177,455 added to the net assets. This contribution was recorded as revenue and an addition to the Capital Assets.

Proprietary funds. The Castroville Community Services District's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government wide financial statements, but in a classified format. The reason they are similar is that business type activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement same as the Proprietary funds presented in the fund level financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Castroville Community Services District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14,239,943 (net assets) in its business-type activities and \$730,989 for the governmental-type activities.

The Castroville Community Services District's total liabilities decreased primarily due to the \$298,718 reduction in long-term obligations. The note payable with City National Bank was paid in full in November 2013 and scheduled bond payable payments for the Castroville Water Project Assessment District Bonds were paid.

Analysis of balances and transactions of funds

The District is a multi-purpose, proprietary entity, and as such, maintains multiple fund types and thus there are interfund balances. The analysis of balances is shown in tables one and two of this report, and in the section labeled "Financial Highlights." For further detailed information refer to "Statement of Activities" on page 12, which reflects changes in net assets as well. Zone 1, Governmental Fund for street lighting and recreational services needed to be augmented by property tax monies that were transferred from the Sewer Fund. Zone 2, Governmental Fund remains in good shape.

Analysis of variations between original and final budget amounts

The District adopts its budget in accordance with California law. It is District policy to not modify the budget in total, although certain reallocations of expenditures may occasionally be made. The budget is adopted on a projected cash flow basis. It reflects items such as repayment of debt principal and projected capital expenditures as cash outflows that are not recognized as expenses under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Budget variances are reviewed by District management on an ongoing basis as part of the financial management of the District. Budget variances during the year ended June 30, 2014 for Governmental activity consisted of:

Account	Budget	Actual	Variance	Explaniation
Revenues:				
Grant Funding-MSSIP	\$ 5,600	\$ 5,645	\$ 45	Project contract expired October 31, 2013
Investment Earinings	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,597	\$ (903)	Interest earned with LAIF still low
Charges for Services	\$ 65,450	\$ 66,308	\$ 858	Slightly over budgeted amount
Total Revnues:	\$ 73,550	\$ 73,550	-	
Expenditures:				
Street, St Lights & Open Space	\$ 138,900	\$ 130,861	\$ 8,039	Cost under budget for Slurry Seal Project
Recreation	\$ 151,569	\$ 138,612	\$ 12,957	Project delayed pending Caltrans approval
Monterey County-MSSIP	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,910	\$ 90	Project contract expired October 31, 2013
Total Expenditures:	\$ 293,469	\$ 272,383	\$ 21,086	
Excess (Deficeincy) of Revenus Over Expenditures	(\$219,919)	(\$198,833)	\$ 21,086	

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Castroville Community Services District's investment in capital assets for its business type activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$5,210,392 (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes, water equipment, pumping equipment, lift station improvements, system improvements to storm drains and building improvements. The development of the new well, Well 5 (formerly Well 2b) is still in progress. Additionally, the Sea Garden sewer lift station was donated to the District. Still, the District had a slightly greater investment in capital assets this year in comparison to last fiscal year.

Castroville Community Services District Table 3 Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

	2014	2013
Construction in progress	\$ 1,243,739	\$ 1,215,224
Sewer Equipment and Vehicles	791,519	610,166
Buildings and Improvements	659,082	648,301
Project, Wells, and Pipes	7,046,917	6,958,363
	\$ 9,741,257	\$ 9,432,054

Additional information on the Castroville Community Services District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 26.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Castroville Community Services District had total debt outstanding of \$145,000 comprised of improvement bonds. The bank note payable for the Well 5 (formerly Well 2b) has been paid in full.

Castroville Community Services District Table 4 Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

Description	2014		2013	
Castroville Water Project Assessment District	\$ 145,000	\$	182,000	
City National Bank Note Payable - Well 5 (formerly Well 2b)	 -		261,718	
Totals	\$ 145,000	 \$	443,718	

Additional information on the Castroville Community Services District's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on page 26.

Infrastructure Assets

The District has adopted the recommended approach of GASB Statement No. 34 with regard to infrastructure assets. All identifiable infrastructure assets have been capitalized at their purchase cost, estimated value for contributed or donated assets, or estimated cost for those items expensed in prior years and not previously capitalized.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates:

- The unemployment rate for Monterey County in which Castroville Community Services District is located is currently 7.0 percent, which is a decrease of 1.2 percent from a rate of 8.2 percent a year ago. This is lower than the state's average unemployment rate at 7.8 percent but higher than the national average rate of 6.2 percent
- The District may consider raising water rates in 2015.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Castroville Community Services District's budget for the 2014/2015 fiscal year.

The District is required to adopt a budget by California law. Before the Districts adopts its budget, notice is hereby given that the preliminary budgets of the Castroville Community Services District of Monterey County for the fiscal year will be considered for adoption by the Board of Directors and are available at the following time and place within the District for inspection by interested taxpayers.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Castroville Community Services District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Castroville Community Services District, 11499 Geil Street, Castroville, CA 95012.

Hinricher, Douglas & Porter, LLP

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Encino Office 16055 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1215 Encino, Ca 91436

Ventura Office 1891 Goodyear Avenue, Suite 614 Ventura, Ca 93003

Board of DirectorsCastroville Community Service District
Castroville, California

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Castroville Community Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Castroville Community Service District, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the major special revenue fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2-8 and 32-34 and the Schedule of Funding Progress on page 31 to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Castroville Community Service District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules listed as supplementary information in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Castroville Community Service District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hinricher, Douglas & Porter

September 22, 2014

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2014

	7					
ASSETS	Gov	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type	8077	Total
Cash and Investments	\$	737,315	\$	6,825,822	\$	7,563,137
Restricted Cash		_		76,285		76,285
Investments		-		2,273,978		2,273,978
Accounts Receivable		H		37,070		. 37,070
Interest Receivable		308		31,125		31,433
Inventory		=		32,415		32,415
Prepaid Expenses		-		8,695	* **	8,695
Organizational Costs		-		91,325		91,325
Bond Issue Cost		-		311		311
Capital Assets						
Nondepreciable, Net		-		1,449,349		1,449,349
Depreciable, Net		_		3,761,043		3,761,043
Total Capital Assets		727 (22		5,210,392		5,210,392
Total Assets		737,623		14,587,418		15,325,041
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		6,634		14,877		21,511
Accrued Payroll		_		75,272		75,272
Refundable Deposits		-		63,331		63,331
OPEB Liability		_		48,995		48,995
Long-term Debt						
Due within one year		-		19,000		19,000
Due in more than one year				126,000		126,000
Total Liabilities		6,634		347,475		354,109
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		E Tank		5,065,392		5,065,392
Restricted for:						
Monterey County Assessment Bond				76,285		76,285
Special Revenue Projects		730,989			-	730,989
Total Restricted Net Assets		730,989		76,285		807,274
Unrestricted Net Assets		-		9,098,266		9,098,266
Total Net Assets	\$	730,989	\$	14,239,943	\$	14,970,932
Total Liabilities and Net Assets (memo only)	\$	737,623	\$	14,587,418	\$	15,325,041

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2014

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Changes in		
		Fines, Fees				
	Operating	Charges for	Operating	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Grants	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Streets, Street Lights and Open Space	130,861	\$ 66,626	\$ -	\$ (64,235)	\$ -	\$ (64,235)
Public Works	2,910	-	6,924	4,014		4,014
Recreation	138,612	-	-	(138,612)	-	(138,612)
Total Governmental Activities	272,383	66,626	6,924	(198,833)		(198,833)
Business-type Activities:						
Water	786,987	860,447	-		73,460	73,460
Sewer	579,342	153,033	7		(426,309)	(426,309)
Total Business-type Activities	1,366,329	1,013,480	-		(352,849)	(352,849)
Total Primary Government	1,638,712	1,080,106	6,924	(198,833)	(352,849)	(551,682)
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes					100,335	100,335
Investment Earnings				-	7,187	7,187
Miscellaneous				-	1,572,037	1,572,037
Total General Revenues				-	1,679,559	1,679,559
Change in Net Assets				(198,833)	1,326,710	1,127,877
Interfund Transfers				145,353	(145,353)	-
Net Assets-Beginning				784,469	13,058,586	13,843,055
Net Assets-Ending				\$ 730,989	\$ 14,239,943	\$ 14,970,932

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

		Zone 1 astroville	Zone 2 oro Cojo	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and Investments Interest Receivable	\$	606,383 254	\$ 130,932 54	\$	737,315	
Total Assets	_\$	606,637	\$ 130,986	\$	737,623	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,448	\$ 5,186	\$	6,634	
Total Liabilities		1,448	5,186		6,634	
FUND BALANCES Fund Balance Restricted:						
Special Revenue Fund		605,189	125,800		730,989	
Total Fund Balances		605,189	125,800		730,989	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		606,637	\$ 130,986	\$	737,623	

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Zone 1	Zone 2 oro Cojo	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	_	-				
Grant Funding	\$	5,645	\$ 22.051	\$	5,645	
User Fees		32,357	33,951		66,308	
Interest Income		1,279	318		1,597	
Total Revenues		39,281	34,269		73,550	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Streets, Street Lights and Open Space		38,945	91,916		130,861	
Public Works		2,910	-		2,910	
Recreation		138,612	-		138,612	
Total Expenditures		180,467	 91,916		272,383	
		e				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	Description	(141,186)	(57,647)	-	(198,833)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		145,353	-		145,353	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		145,353	_		145,353	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		4,167	(57,647)		(53,480)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES		601,022	183,447		784,469	
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$	605,189	\$ 125,800	\$-	730,989	

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2014 and 2013

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Water Sewer Total 6/30/2013 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,243,043 \$ 677,837 \$ 2,920,880 \$ 1,888,13 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Designated for Capital Additions 828,437 3,012,279 3,840,716 4,045,97 Investments - 2,273,978 2,273,978 2,247,59 Cash - Designated for Customer Deposits 62,325 1,901 64,226 65,08 Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,22 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,33 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,33 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49		
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 2,243,043 \$ 677,837 \$ 2,920,880 \$ 1,888,13 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Designated for Capital Additions 828,437 3,012,279 3,840,716 4,045,97 Investments - 2,273,978 2,273,978 2,247,59 Cash - Designated for Customer Deposits 62,325 1,901 64,226 65,08 Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,2 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,3 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49	6/30/2013	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Designated for Capital Additions 828,437 3,012,279 3,840,716 4,045,97 Investments - 2,273,978 2,273,978 2,247,59 Cash - Designated for Customer Deposits 62,325 1,901 64,226 65,08 Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,2 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,3 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49		
Investments	36	
Cash - Designated for Customer Deposits 62,325 1,901 64,226 65,08 Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,2 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,3 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49	79	
Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,22 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,33 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,35 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,45	₹9	
Doubtful Accounts of \$1,200 32,586 4,484 37,070 53,2 Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,3 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,35 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49	35-	
Interest Receivable 1,707 29,418 31,125 4,3 Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49		
Supplies Inventory 29,577 2,838 32,415 30,78 Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49	10	
Prepaid Expenses 4,397 4,298 8,695 8,39 Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49 NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Total Current Assets 3,202,072 6,007,033 9,209,105 8,343,49 NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS) 0	
) 5	
7 . 7 . 17		
Property Plant and Equipment, Net of Accumulated		
Depreciation, Note 3 2,484,133 1,482,520 3,966,653 3,975,98	39	
Construction in Progress 1,243,739 - 1,243,739 1,200,03	30	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment 3,727,872 1,482,520 5,210,392 5,176,0	19	
RESTRICTED ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Restricted) 76,285 - 76,285 98,94	14	
Total Restricted Assets 76,285 - 76,285 98,94	14	
OTHER ASSETS		
Bond Costs, Net of Accumulated Amortization		
of \$29,465 and \$28,972, Respectively 311 - 311	04	
Organizational Costs, Net of Accumulated		
Amortization of \$32,344 and \$28,222 Respectively - 91,325 91,325 95,44	47	
Well Finance Legal Fee Charges, Net of Accumulated		
Amortization of \$14,524 and \$6,776, Respectively	48	
Total Other Assets 311 91,325 91,636 103,99	99	
Total Assets \$ 7,006,540 \$ 7,580,878 \$ 14,587,418 \$ 13,722,45	57	

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds *(continued)*June 30, 2014 and 2013

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

		6/30/2014						
	-	Water		Sewer		Totals	6	/30/2013
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	9,820	\$	5,057	\$	14,877		33,304
Accrued Payroll		56,001		19,271		75,272		70,710
Accrued Interest Payable		-		_				2,978
Customer Deposits		61,430		1,901		63,331		64,166
Current Note Payable		19,000		-		19,000		62,451
Other Post Employment Benefits		32,503		16,492		48,995		48,995
Total Current Liabilities		178,754		42,721		221,475		282,604
LONG-TERM DEBT								
Notes Payable		-		_		_		236,267
Bonds Payable		126,000		_		126,000		145,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities		126,000				126,000		381,267
Total Liabilities		304,754	,	42,721		347,475		663,871
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Deb		3,582,872		1,482,520		5,065,392		4,732,301
Restricted for Monterey County Assessment Bonc		76,285		-		-		65,085
Unrestricted		3,042,629		6,055,637		9,098,266		8,261,200
Total Net Assets	\$	6,701,786	\$	7,538,157	\$	14,239,943	\$	13,058,586
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	7,006,540	\$	7,580,878	\$	14,587,418	\$	13,722,457

Statement of Activities - Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

		6/30/2014						
OPERATING REVENUES		Water	Sewer	Totals	6/30/2013			
Water Sales	\$	850,671	\$ -	\$ 850,671	\$ 817,851			
Property Tax and User Fees	-	-	253,368	253,368	261,035			
New Service and Connection Fees		9,776		9,776	6,495			
ROPS Pass-Through Income		-	1,202,360	1,202,360	-,-,-			
Other Revenues		52,578	317,099	369,677	721,259			
Total Operating Revenues	***************************************	913,025	1,772,827	2,685,852	1,806,640			
OPERATING EXPENSES								
General Operation Expenses								
Depreciation Expense		218,180	74,286	292,466	287,963			
Payroll and Related Expenses		80,381	93,514	173,895	153,891			
and the same of th			93,314	and the second	7,917			
Utility Expense		81,211	17 602	81,211				
Water and Sewer Line Expenses		21,499	17,683	39,182	3,866			
General Operations		15,123	3,988	19,111	18,566			
Meter Expenses		5,113	11.016	5,113	1,481			
Automobile Expenses		3,445	11,816	15,261	7,350			
Lift Station Expenses		-	21,964	21,964	25,009			
Well Site Expenses		16,351	-	16,351	5,609			
Storm drain Expenses		_	7,598	7,598	13,559			
Hydrant Expenses		780	-	780	484			
Administrative Expenses								
Payroll and Related Expenses		196,468	237,380	433,848	409,646			
Consulting Expenses		14,946	44,049	58,995	43,702			
Office Expenses		30,057	18,103	48,160	38,463			
Retirement Plan Contributions		34,345	31,694	66,039	72,136			
Billing Expenses		20,622		20,622	17,496			
Insurance Expense		8,959	8,177	17,136	23,881			
Utility Expenses		3,941	4,249	8,190	74,070			
Bond, Loan and Certificate Expense		-,	719	719	16,369			
Bad Debts		323	-	323	617			
Total Operating Expenses	-	751,744	575,220	1,326,964	1,222,075			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES and (EXPENSES)								
Interest Revenue		7,187	_	7,187	7,493			
Amortization of Investment Discount		(7,748)	(4,122)	(11,870)	(5,090)			
			(4,122)					
Bond Issue Cost Amortization		(493)		(493)	(493)			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		(21,307)	<u>-</u>	(21,307)	(20,467)			
Debt Administration Costs		(5,695)		(5,695)	(5,593)			
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	•	(28,056)	(4,122)	(32,178)	(24,150)			
Net Income Before Transfers		133,225	1,193,485	1,326,710	560,415			
<u>TRANSFERS</u>				M				
Transfers In/(Out)		794,433	(939,786)	(145,353)	(117,001)			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		927,658	253,699	1,181,357	443,414			
NET ASSETS								
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		5,774,128	7,284,458	13,058,586	12,615,172			
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	6,701,786	\$ 7,538,157	\$ 14,239,943	\$ 13,058,586			
		2,. 22,. 30	,,	,,	,,			

Castroville Community Service District Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		Water	Sewer			6/30/13	
Cash Received from Customers	\$	866,185	\$ 268,254	\$	1,134,439	\$	1,109,317
Other Cash Receipts		52,578	1,514,975		1,567,553		721,413
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Services and Inventories		(302,816)	(188,588)		(491,404)		(388,599)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(291,558)	(311,623)		(603,181)		(560,383)
Net Cash Provided By Operations		324,389	1,283,018		1,607,407		881,748
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:							
Debt Administration Costs		(5,695)			(5,695)		(5,593)
Interest on Long Term Debt		(24,285)	_		(24,285)		(19,185)
Payment and Current maturities of Long-Term Debt		(255, 267)	-		(255, 267)		(44,451)
Transfers Between Funds		794,433	(939,786)		(145,353)		(126,237)
Net Cash (Used) By Non-Capital Financing Activities		509,186	(939,786)		(430,600)		(195,466)
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities:							
Purchase of Property and Equipment		(23,027)	(260,103)		(283,130)		(138,915)
Additions to Construction in Progress	_	(43,709)	 		(43,709)		(3,620)
Net Cash (Used) By Non-Capital Financing Activities		(66,736)	 (260,103)		(326,839)		(142,535)
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities:							
Purchase of Investments		-	(26,379)		(26,379)		3,302
Interest Earned on Operating Funds		6,717	 (26,343)		(19,626)		21,160
Net Cash Flows (Used) by Investing Activities		6,717	 (52,722)		(46,005)	-	24,462
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		773,556	30,407		803,963		568,209
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,436,534	 3,661,610		6,098,144		5,529,935
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		3,210,090	\$ 3,692,017		6,902,107	\$	6,098,144
Cash at End of Year is Composed of:							
Cash, Restricted	\$	76,285	\$ =	\$	76,285	\$	98,944
Cash, Unrestricted		3,133,805	3,692,017		6,825,822		5,999,200
Total Cash	\$	3,210,090	\$ 3,692,017	\$	6,902,107	\$	6,098,144
Reconciliation of Operating Income(Loss) to Net Cash Provided							
(Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating Income (loss)	\$	161,281	\$ 1,197,607	\$	1,358,888	\$	584,565
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation		218,180	74,286		292,466		287,964
•		210,100	74,280		232,400		201,704
Changes in assets and liabilities:		5 720	10 402		16 140		24.000
Accounts Receivable		5,738	10,402		16,140		24,090
Prepaid Expenses		(152)	(153)		(305)		100
Inventory		(1,621)	(10)		(1,631)		5,583
Accrued Payroll and Related Items		(14,709)	19,271		4,562		3,154
Deposits		(835)	-		(835)		(2,061)
Accounts Payable		(42)	(18,385)		(18,427)		9,137
Note Payable		(43,451)	 -	-	(43,451)	-	(30,784)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	324,389	\$ 1,283,018	\$	1,607,407	\$	881,748

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Description of Operations:

Castroville Community Service District (the "District") is authorized by California Government Code Sections 6100 et seq. The District provides water, sewer, storm drain, street lights, open space, street maintenance and recreational services to residential and commercial customers in and around the Township of Castroville, California.

The District has defined its reporting entity in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," which provides guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in its reporting entity. The District's reporting entity includes all significant operation and revenue sources which the District Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of selection of the governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters, and the scope of public service.

Basis of Presentation:

The Castroville Community Service District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall District government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for fund categories – governmental and proprietary -are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Financial reporting is based upon all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 are not followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements. The District reported the following major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Water Fund (Proprietary) - This fund accounts for all of the District's water resources.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> (Proprietary) – This Fund accounts all the District's sewer operations.

Zone 1 Castroville (Governmental) – This fund accounts for the income and expenditures related to street lighting and recreation activities in Zone 1.

<u>Zone 2</u> (Governmental) – This fund accounts for the income and expenditures related to the open space, street lighting, and Streets activities in Zone 2.

Basis of Accounting:

The Castroville Community Service District uses the accrual method of accounting for financial statement reporting purposes. Under the accrual method revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

Reporting Entity:

The District's reporting entity includes all significant operation and revenue sources for which the District Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility as determined under the criteria established by the National Council on Governmental Accounting Statement No. 3, as adopted by FASB. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of selection of the governing board, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, accountability for fiscal matters, and the scope of public service. The financial statements of Castroville Water District include the financial activities of the District as well as transactions made by the fiscal agent under authority granted by the District in various resolutions authorizing the issuance of improvement bonds and water certificates. The District is exempt from federal income and state franchise taxes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. The District maintains bank accounts at financial institutions located within the Counties of Monterey and San Francisco.

Cash and cash equivalents are summarized as follows:

	2014
FDIC Insured Accounts	\$ 378,389
Funds in County Treasury	76,285
Funds in CAMP	335,537
Funds in LAIF	6,848,411
Petty Cash	800
Total Cash	\$ 7,639,422

It is the District's policy to maintain all investments in insured accounts in the District's name. Assessments in excess of estimated current bond requirements of the District are deposited in the Local Agency Investment Fund. Said cash earns interest based on the fund's prorata share of the cash in the fund. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 3 (i.e., Deposits with Financial Institutions, GASB 3), the cash is to be categorized to indicate the level of credit risk assumed by the Fund at year end. Substantially, all investments are insured or registered and held by the Fund or its agent in the agent's nominee name, with subsidiary records listing the Fund as the legal owner. Accordingly, said cash investment would be included in "Category 1" as defined by GASB 3. See Note 2 for further discussion of Cash & Cash Equivalents.

Investments

In December 2012, the District entered into an agreement with the CalTrust Joint Powers Authority to invest in the CalTrust Money Market Fund. The fair market value of the District's investment in the CalTrust Medium Term Fund at June 30, 2014 was \$2,273,978. The District's investment policy is based upon the provisions of the California Government Code commencing with Section 53600 governing the investments of local agency funds and deposits of public monies.

Accounts Receivable:

Accounts Receivable as reflected in the financial statements are from customers whose property is located within the County of Monterey. Accounts receivable consists of amounts due from customers for water and sewer charges.

Interfund Transfers:

Expenses are allocated between the Water Fund (45%) and Sewer Fund (55%). All expenses are paid out of the Water Fund's checking account. These expenses are shown as Interfund Transfers on the Statement of Net Activities.

<u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The District's inventory consists of parts and components for wells, lift stations and other infrastructure kept onsite.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

Capital Assets:

Minor expenditures for renewals and betterments are charged to expense. Major expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized. In cases where assets are donated to the District, construction costs or estimated market values are recorded. Costs of assets sold, retired or otherwise disposed of have been eliminated from the accounts, and gains or losses on disposition are included in operations.

The cost of property and equipment is depreciated over the estimated lives of the assets from date of acquisition based on the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Category	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	5-35 years
Water Equipment, and Vehicles	3-30 years
Sewer Equipment, and Vehicles	3-50 years
Hydrants	10-45 years
Meters	5-30 years
Projects, Wells, and Pipes	10-40 years
SCADA System	5 years
Telemetry System	5-7 years

Compensated Absences:

The District has recorded an accrual for compensated absences in accordance with the District's policy of paying for unused vacation time of employees. Sick leave is not included in the accrual as the District does not pay for unused sick time upon employee termination.

Employees earn vacation leave after six months of continuous employment as follows:

Time of Employment	Accrual of Vacation Leave
Six months to one year	40.00 hours earned
One to five years	6.67 hours per month
Five to ten years	10.00 hours per month
Ten or more years	13.33 hours per month

Customer Deposits:

New customers are required to provide deposits for service. The customer deposits held by the District are refunded upon termination of service or on written request after one year.

Restricted and Designated Assets:

Certain cash and investments of the District are classified as restricted because their uses are limited by commitments to customers for service deposits and to bondholders in accordance with bond covenants. Also, certain assets are classified as designated due to the Board of Directors designation for capital additions.

Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed. Assets donated to the District during the year totaled \$177,455.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Proprietary Fund Type Statement of Net Assets. Debt principal payments are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Net Assets/Fund Equity

The financial statements are presented using the net asset method. Net assets are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted.

- <u>Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u> This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- <u>Restricted Net Assets</u> This category presents external restrictions on net assets imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Unrestricted Net Assets</u> This category represents net assets of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred on debt issued to finance construction is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the district. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the governing board.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the district's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - contains all other spendable amounts.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the district considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

Revenues - Operating:

Revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value. On an accrual basis, revenue from charges for service is recognized in the period in with the service has been completed. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

Revenues - Non-operating:

Revenues that result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include investment earnings, subsidies, property taxes and ROPS revenues. On an accrual basis, non-exchange transactions is recognized in the period in which the ancillary activity takes place.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

California law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposits or first trust deed mortgage notes with a value of 150% of the deposit as collateral for all public agency deposits. Under California law this collateral remains with the institution but is held in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution.

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2014 are classified on the Financial Statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets	W	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Sewer Fund		vernmental Funds	Total
Cash and Investments	\$	3,133,805	\$	5,965,995	\$	737,315	\$ 9,837,115		
Restricted Cash and Investments		76,285		-			76,285		
Total Cash and Investments	\$	3,210,090	\$	5,965,995	\$	737,315	\$ 9,913,400		

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District. The following also identifies certain provisions of the District and California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligation	5 years	N/A	100%	No Limit
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	N/A	100%	No Limit
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	N/A	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-I	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	30%	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	N/A	100%	No Limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	N/A	20%	No Limit
Demand Deposits	N/A	Highest Category	20%	10%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	A	30%	No Limit
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Highest Category	20%	10%
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	AA	20%	No Limit
State of California Obligations	5 years	N/A	100%	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	\$50 million account	No Limit

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents based on the terms of their debt agreements. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the District fails to meet its obligations under the debit issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with District resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued):

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents.

	Maximum	Minimum Credit	Maximum Percentage of
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality	Portfolio
Local District Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
State of California Obligations	5 years	None	100%
California Local District Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agencies	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	None	40%
Commercial Paper	270 days	A1/P1/F1	25%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	None	30%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	Various	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	A	20% of Base
Medium Term Notes	5 years	Various	30%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	20%
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	AA	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	None	20%
Time Deposits	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Country Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Non-Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1 year	None	100%

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity the more sensitive the investment is to market fluctuations.

The sensitivity of the District's investments is summarized by the following table. This table shows the maturity terms of the District's investments.

12	Months or Less			Total		
\$	6,848,411	\$	\$ -		6,848,411	
	335,537		-		335,537	
	76,285				76,285	
	=		2,273,978	4 4	2,273,978	
\$	7,260,233	\$	2,273,978		9,534,211	
				= 300	379,189	
				\$	9,913,400	
		\$ 6,848,411 335,537 76,285	Less \$ 6,848,411 \$ 335,537 76,285	Less Months \$ 6,848,411 \$ - 335,537 - 76,285 - 2,273,978	Less Months \$ 6,848,411 \$ - 335,537 - 76,285 - 2,273,978	

Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The Local Agency Investment Fund was created by statute and began in 1977. The Local Agency Investment Fund is a voluntary program for California local governments and special districts. The Fund is administered by the California State Treasurer, and is enabled by Section 16429.1 et seq. of the California Government Code.

All securities purchased within LAIF are purchased under the authority of Government Code Section 16430 and 16480.4. All investments are purchased at market and a market valuation is conducted monthly. All District deposits with LAIF are available on demand.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued):

California Asset Management Program (CAMP)

The California Asset Management Program is a Joint Powers Authority formed in 1989 by treasurers and finance directors of several local government agencies to provide professional investment services to California public agencies at a reasonable cost. CAMP offers investors the option of investing in either the CAMP money market portfolio, which is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's, or other individually managed portfolios.

CalTrust Medium Term Fund

CalTrust is a Joint Powers Authority formed by the CSAC Finance Corporation and the League of California Cities to provide a convenient method for local agencies to pool their assets for investment. CalTrust offers local agencies the option of investing in either the Money Market, Short-Term or Medium-Term accounts, which are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is measured by nationally recognized statistical agencies such as Standard & Poor's. Credit risk is simply the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The below table shows the credit ratings of the Districts Cash and Investments

	AAA	A	AAm		Total	% of Total	
Investment Type							
Monterey County Pool	\$ 76,285	\$		\$	76,285	8%	
CAMP Money Market Fund			335,537		335,537	3%	
CalTrust Medium-Term Fund	2,273,978			1.00	2,273,978	23%	
Total Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,350,263	\$	335,537		2,685,800		
Not Rated:							
LAIF					6,848,411	69%	
Cash in Bank and on Hand					379,189	4%	
Total Cash and Investments				\$	9,913,400		

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital assets at June 30, 2014 comprise:								
	June 30, 2013		Additions		Dispositions		Jui	ne 30, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	205,610	\$	-	\$	-	\$	205,610
Construction in Progress		1,215,224		28,515	5000 THE RESIDENCE TO A SECOND STATE OF THE SE	_		1,243,739
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		1,420,834		28,515		-		1,449,349
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		648,301		10,781		-		659,082
Water Equipment, and Vehicles		426,988		8,837		-		435,825
Sewer Equipment and Vehicles		610,166	1	81,353		-		791,519
Hydrants		30,012		7,280				37,292
Meters		347,120		1,519		-		348,639
Projects, Wells, and Pipes		6,958,363		88,554		-		7,046,917
Telemetry System		173,095						173,095
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated		9,194,045	2	98,324		-	-	9,492,369
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		(254,649)	(1	(3,143)		-		(267,792)
Water Equipment, and Vehicles		(351,394)	()	17,751)				(369,145)
Sewer Equipment and Vehicles		(350,463)	(7	74,830)		-		(425,293)
Hydrants		(22,033)		(891)		-		(22,924)
Meters		(131,619)	()	11,462)		-		(143,081)
Projects, Wells, and Pipes		(4,155,607)	(17	74,389)				(4,329,996)
Telemetry System		(173,095)		_		-		(173,095)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(5,438,860)	(29	92,466)		-		(5,731,326)
Net Capital Assets being Depreciated		3,755,185		5,858		-		3,761,043
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,176,019	\$	34,373	\$	-		5,210,392

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt and related current maturities as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

	Balance		Balance				В	Salance	Current		
	Jul	y 1, 2013	_Additions_		Retirements		June 30, 2014		Portion		
Castroville Water Project											
Assessment District Bonds	\$	182,000	\$	_	\$	37,000	\$	145,000	\$	19,000	
City National Bank Note											
Payable – Well 2b		261,718	1			261,718				-	
Total Business-Type Activity Debt	\$	443,718	\$\$	-	\$	298,718	\$	145,000	\$_	19,000	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued):

Castroville Water Project Assessment District Bonds

On March 10, 1982 the District issued Water Project Assessment District Bonds, Series 1982-1 in the amount of \$465,000 at 5%, payable in semi-annual installments every January and July, maturing in 2021.

City National Bank Note Payable - Well 2b

The District signed an agreement dated August 15, 2006 to borrow \$400,000 for the construction of Well 2b. The loan is payable from the net revenues of the District and payments are made semiannually on May 1 and November 1. The Note bears interest at 4.95%. The loan was paid in full during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of the above long-term debt as of June 30, 2014 are outlined below.

Years Ending June 30,	P	rinicpal	I	nterest	Total			
2015	\$	19,000	\$	7,250	\$	26,250		
2016		20,000		6,300		26,300		
2017		21,000		5,300		26,300		
2018		22,000		4,250		26,250		
2019		23,000		3,150		26,150		
Thereafter		40,000		2,800		42,800		
	\$	145,000	\$	29,050	\$	174,050		

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS), an agent cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. The District's plan is of the "Miscellaneous 2% at 60 Risk Pool" and "2% at 62 Risk Pool". Those employees who first established CalPERS membership prior to January 1, 2013 without a break in service greater than six months participate in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 60 Risk Pool". Employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 who participate in CalPERS for the first time and also those employees not eligible for reciprocity with another California public retirement system participate in the "Miscellaneous 2% at 62 Risk Pool". PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for all participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit Provisions and other requirements are established by state statute. Copies of PERS annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento CA 95814.

Funding Policy

All full-time District employees must participate in PERS, based on state statute. The Plan requires participants to contribute an amount of 7% or 6.5% of their annual covered salary determined by actuarial valuation and which plan applies to employees as described in the paragraph above. The contribution rate for the 2013-14 fiscal year was 8.181% for those employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 and 6.70% for those employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 of annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$35,237 and \$44,789, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 6 - SIGNIFICANT GROUP CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK:

The District maintains bank accounts at various financial institutions. The balances of these accounts may occasionally exceed the FDIC insured amount of \$250,000.

NOTE 7 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN:

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The annual required contribution (ARC) was \$24,626 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District has established an irrevocable trust in CalPERS California Employees Retiree Benefit Trust fund. The ARC was paid in full. Therefore, there is no increase to the OPEB Obligation during this year. The accumulated obligation at June 30, 2014 is \$48,995.

Plan Description

The post employment benefit plan (the plan) is a multi-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). The plan offers lifetime medical benefits to certain eligible participants. Employees hired before January 1, 2013, that are at least 50 years of age upon retirement and have a total of 20 years of services with the District shall be eligible for 100% retiree health benefits for themselves and their qualified dependents upon retirement. Employee's hired on or after January 1, 2013, are at least 52 years of age upon retirement will receive the minimum employer contribution for health benefits upon retirement with CalPERS.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors. The Employer's Contribution for each employee shall be the amount necessary to pay the full cost of his/her enrollment including the enrollment of family members in a health benefits plan or plans up to a maximum of total premium per month. The District is required to contribute the *annual required contribution of the employer* (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover a period not to exceed thirty years.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

For fiscal year ended on June 30, 2014, the District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on ARC of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The ARC represents the level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover *normal* cost and to *amortize* the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed and changes to the Districts' net OPEB Obligation to the Plan.

Annual required contribution	\$ 24,626
Contributions made	(24,626)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of the year	48,995
Net OPEB Obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 48,995</u>

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (continued):

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB Cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB Obligation is as follows:

	1	Annual		Percentage of								
	R	equired		Actual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB						
Fiscal Year Ended	Cor	tribution	Cor	tribution	Contributed	Obligation						
6/30/2010	\$	16,690	\$	-	0%	\$	16,690					
6/30/2011	\$	32,305	\$	-	0%	\$	48,995					
6/30/2012	\$	25,805	\$	25,805	100%	\$	48,995					
6/30/2013	\$	25,805	\$	25,805	100%	\$	48,995					
6/30/2014	\$	24,626	\$	24,626	100%	\$	48,995					

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial Valuation	Actu	arial value	A	ctuarial Accrued ility (AAL)-	ĭ	Infunded	Funded Ratio	Cove	ered Pavroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-	
date		assets (a)		ry Age (b)	AAL(UAAL) (B-a)		(a/b)	Cove	(c)	a)/c)	
6/30/2010	\$	-	\$	380,122	\$	380,122	0%	\$	378,311	100%	
6/30/2011	\$	-	\$	380,122	\$	380,122	0%	\$	450,988	84%	
6/30/2012	\$	25,805	\$	273,626	\$	266,840	9%	\$	435,374	61%	
6/30/2013	\$	54,614	\$	280,722	\$	226,108	19%	\$	421,270	54%	

Actuarial valuations of an on-going plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality and health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN (continued):

Actuarial Method and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefit provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations.

For the year ended on June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used in the actuarial valuation. The District has seven eligible participants in total and six active employees that are eligible for the plan. Since the Plan includes fewer than 100 employees, GASB Statement No. 45 provides an alternate allowable method.

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry Age Normal

Valuation Date

6/30/2013

Inflation Rate

2.75% per year

Discount Date

7.25%

Trend Rate

4.00%

Payroll Growth Rate

2.75%

Retirement Rates

CalPERS retirement rates for the 2%@60

Rates for Miscellaneous Employees

Turnover Assumptions

CalPERS turnover for Miscellaneous employees

for all employees

NOTE 8 – CONSOLIDATION WITH MOSS LANDING COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT

As of July 1, 2014, the District has consolidated with the Moss Landing County Sanitation District and as a result all financial assets of the Moss Landing County Sanitation District have been transferred to the District. Also as a result of the consolidation the District paid off the Moss Landing Sewer Bond in the amount of \$234,946 as of July 1, 2014.

NOTE 9 - RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. GASB 68 improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS Of Other Post Employment Healthcare Plan

Postemployment Healthcare Plan

			A	ctuarial						UAAL as a	
			A	Accrued						Percentage of	
Actuarial Valuation	Actu	arial value	Liab	ility (AAL)-	τ	Infunded	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll		Covered Payroll ((b-	
date	of a	issets (a)	Ent	ry Age (b)	AAL(UAAL) (B-a)		(a/b)	(c)		a)/c)	
6/30/2010	\$	-	\$	380,122	\$	380,122	0%	\$	378,311	100%	
6/30/2011	\$	-	\$	380,122	\$	380,122	0%	\$	450,988	84%	
6/30/2012	\$	25,805	\$	273,626	\$	266,840	9%	\$	435,374	61%	
6/30/2013	\$	54,614	\$	280,722	\$	226,108	19%	\$	421,270	54%	

Required Supplemental Information Budget to Actual - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amount	ts				ance with al Budget
	Original		Final	Actu	al Amounts	P	ositive egative)
REVENUES:			-				
Grant Funding	\$ 5,600	\$	5,600	\$	5,645	\$	45
Investment Earnings	2,500		2,500		1,597		(903)
Charges for Services and Other	65,450		65,450		66,308		858
Total Revenues	 73,550	-	73,550		73,550		-
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Streets, Street Lights and Open Space	138,900		138,900		130,861		8,039
Public Works	3,000		3,000		2,910		90
Recreation	151,569		151,569		138,612		12,957
Total Expenditures	293,469		293,469		272,383		21,086
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(219,919)		(219,919)		(198,833)	Y. F	21,086
	 (219,919)		(217,717)		(176,633)		21,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	_	==			145,353		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-		145,353		145,353
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (219,919)	\$	(219,919)	\$	(53,480)	\$	-

Required Supplemental Information

Budget to Actual - Water Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
OPERATING REVENUES Water Sales New Service and Connection Fees Other Revenues	\$	811,500 10,000 77,650	\$	811,500 10,000 77,650	\$ 850,671 9,776 52,578	\$	39,171 (224) (25,072)
Total Operating Revenues		899,150		899,150	 913,025		13,875
OPERATING EXPENSES General Operation Expenses Payroll and Related Expenses Utility Expense Water and Sewer Line Expenses General Operations Meter Expenses Automobile Expenses Well Site Expenses Hydrant Expenses Administrative Expenses Payroll and Related Expenses Consulting Expenses Office Expenses Retirement Plan Contributions Billing Expenses Insurance Expense Utility Expenses Bad Debts		80,956 78,000 14,500 17,600 5,300 5,500 14,300 6,700 201,084 31,593 35,030 33,218 22,320 12,500 4,225 1,500		80,956 78,000 14,500 17,600 5,300 5,500 14,300 6,700 201,084 31,593 35,030 33,218 22,320 12,500 4,225 1,500	80,381 81,211 21,499 15,123 5,113 3,445 16,351 780 196,468 14,946 30,057 34,345 20,622 8,959 3,941 323		575 (3,211) (6,999) 2,477 187 2,055 (2,051) 5,920 4,616 16,647 4,973 (1,127) 1,698 3,541 284 1,177
Total Operating Expenses		564,326		564,326	533,564		30,762
NON-OPERATING REVENUES and (EXPENSES) Interest Revenue Bond Issue Cost Amortization Interest on Long-Term Debt Debt Administration Costs		7,000 - (21,461) (4,461)		7,000 - (21,461) (4,461)	7,187 (8,241) (21,307) (5,695)	,7 3 H W	187 (8,241) 154 (1,234)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)		(18,922)		(18,922)	 (28,056)		(9,134)
Net Income Before Depreciation (Budgetary Basis		315,902		315,902	351,405		35,503
GAAP RECONCILING ITEMS Depreciation		(222,410)		(222,410)	 (218,180)		4,230
Total GAAP Reconciling Items		(222,410)		(222,410)	(218,180)		4,230
Net Income Before Transfers (GAAP Basis)		93,492		93,492	133,225		39,733
TRANSFERS Transfers In/(Out) CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	315,902	\$	315,902	\$ 794,433 927,658	\$	794,433 834,166

Required Supplemental Information Budget to Actual - Sewer Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original			Final			Variance Favorable/	
			Budget		Budget		Actual	(Un	favorable)
OPERATING REVENUES									
Property Tax and User Fees	\$	3	250,640	\$	250,640	\$	253,368	\$	2,728
Connection Fees	4	,	12,000	Ψ	12,000	Ψ		Ψ	(12,000)
Other Revenues			1,111,598		1,111,598		1,519,459		407,861
Total Operating Revenues			1,374,238		1,374,238		1,772,827		398,589
OPERATING EXPENSES									
General Operation Expenses									
Payroll and Related Expenses			335,870		335,870		330,894		4,976
General Operations			8,300		8,300		3,988		4,312
Lift Station Expense			25,900		25,900		21,964		3,936
Sewer Line			22,000		22,000		17,683		4,317
Storm drain Expense			17,700		17,700		7,598		10,102
Utility Expense			4,550		4,550		4,249		301
Retirement Plan Contributions			29,000		29,000		31,694		(2,694)
Insurance Expense			12,600		12,600		8,177		4,423
Office Expense			24,705		24,705		18,103		6,602
Consulting Expense			84,593		84,593		44,049		40,544
Automobile Expense			12,940		12,940		11,816		1,124
Bond, Loan and Certificate Expense			1,650		1,650		719		931
Total Operating Expenses			579,808		579,808		500,934		78,874
NON-OPERATING REVENUES and (EXPENSES)									
Amortization of Organizational Cost			(4,122)		(4,122)		(4,122)		-
Total Non-operating Revenues			(4,122)		(4,122)		(4,122)		
Net Income Before Depreciation (Budgetary Basis			790,308		790,308		1,267,771		477,463
GAAP RECONCILING ITEMS									
Depreciation			(63,437)		(63,437)		(74,286)		(10,849)
Total GAAP Reconciling Items			(63,437)		(63,437)	-	(74,286)		(10,849)
Net Income Before Transfers (GAAP Basis)			726,871		726,871		1,193,485		466,614
TRANSFERS Transfers In/(Out)							(939,786)		(939,786)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	5	726,871	\$	726,871	\$	253,699	\$	(473,172)
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Board of Directors and Members Castroville Community Service District Castroville, California

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comp Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Castroville Community Service District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Castroville Community Service District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Castroville Community Service District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Castroville Community Service District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Castroville Community Service District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Castroville Community Service District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinricher, Douglas & Porter September 22, 2014